

**Table 1. Criteria for assessing whether to include regulatory data of a drug or biologic in a Cochrane review (not in order of priority)**

<b>Criteria</b>	<b>Description of criteria</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Monetary cost of the intervention on the healthcare budget (i.e. considering both the price of a course and the number of people in the population that are being - or will be treated)</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Burden of disease of the indication this product is meant to treat/prevent</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Number of people using or likely to use the product</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Product new to the market</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Product from a new drug class or has a new mechanism of action</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Has important interactions with other drugs (e.g. drug-drug interactions)</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>High proportion of RCTs evaluating this product are industry funded</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Prominent claims of safety and/or efficacy advantage of this product over currently available treatments</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>High degree of media attention surrounding this product</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>High proportion of trials of this product are unpublished</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Post-marketing surveillance has identified safety concerns</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Important or standard outcome measures (also known as 'endpoints') have not been published</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Concerns regarding a lack of published data on potential harms of the product</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Marketing authorization based on surrogate outcomes (rather than clinical outcomes)</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>When protocol(s) are publicly available</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>When statistical analysis plan(s) publicly available</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>Known errors or concerns about trial publications of this product</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>Important discrepancies between the journal publication and the trial registry entry</b>